



GUIDELINES FOR CONFIRMATION OF PRACTICING CATHOLIC ADULTS

The Office of Faith Formation and Lay Ecclesial Ministry and the Office of Worship recommend that adult Catholics, faithfully practicing yet without reception of the Sacrament of Confirmation be invited to prepare and celebrate the Sacrament of Confirmation.

INVITATION

- Practicing Catholic adults may be identified as candidates for the Sacrament of Confirmation through pastoral contact, engaged couple marriage preparation, expectant parents, prospective godparents, parents of children preparing for sacraments, or by general invitation through the parish bulletin and pulpit announcements.

CANDIDATES

In order to receive the Sacrament of Confirmation, the adult must be:

- A baptized Catholic who is not yet confirmed and who has requested the sacrament;
- If married, validly in the church;
- Suitably instructed, properly disposed and able to renew baptismal promises;
- Determined by their pastor to be an eligible candidate.

SPONSORS

Sponsor eligibility for Confirmation of Adults is the same as for children:

- Preferably one's baptismal godparent;
- Catholic, confirmed, and has already received the Eucharist;
- At least 16 years of age;
- Leads a life in harmony with the undertaking of this duty including participating in the sacramental life of the Church;
- If married, validly in the church.

PREPARATION

- Candidates will be accompanied as individuals and respected for the diversity of their previous catechetical and formational experiences.
- Candidates will be provided with the opportunity to discern with their pastor or parish staff person their readiness and desire to celebrate the sacrament.
- Candidates will be provided with a formational process that deepens their understanding of the seven sacraments, the creed, and contemporary Catholic teachings, according to their level of desire and their articulated needs.
- Provided with the opportunity to celebrate the Sacrament of Reconciliation

The Order of Christian Initiation of Adults is intended for persons who are not yet Catholic. It is inappropriate for practicing Catholics to participate in the OCIA as candidates for the Sacrament of Confirmation. A simple process acknowledging their previous formation should be provided.

RECOMMENDED OUTLINE

1. Initial Session

Identify the background of the candidates and previous catechetical and formational experiences. The process will allow the facilitator to prepare the content of the following sessions.

Topics for discussion should include: what it means to be Catholic; the Church universal, diocesan Church, and parish community.

2. Catholic Belief And Practice

The Apostle's Creed and Nicene Creed

Church Tradition and teaching

Catholic understanding of Scripture

Liturgical year, Prayer and Worship.

3. The Sacraments of Initiation

Overview of the seven Sacraments

Presentation on the Sacraments of Initiation

4. The Sacrament of Confirmation

The role, fruits, and gifts of the Holy Spirit

Theology of the Sacrament of Confirmation

Choosing a Confirmation name (their Baptismal name if a Saint;
or a new Confirmation name of a Saint)

Review of the rite (may include rehearsal)

CELEBRATION

The Bishop is the Proper Minister of the Celebration of Confirmation

There are several options for the celebration of the Sacrament of Confirmation with adult Catholics:

- Celebration of the Sacrament of Confirmation for adults at St. Columba Cathedral;
- Annual or bi-annual parish celebration of the Sacrament of Confirmation with prepared youth according to the bishop's calendar;
- Annual or bi-annual celebration of the Sacrament of Confirmation in a neighboring parish.
- By pastor on Pentecost, during the Easter Season, or another appropriate time, with permission.
- In order to confirm baptized Catholics, the pastor must request in writing the permission of the bishop;